<u>Report</u>

SEVENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE

Of

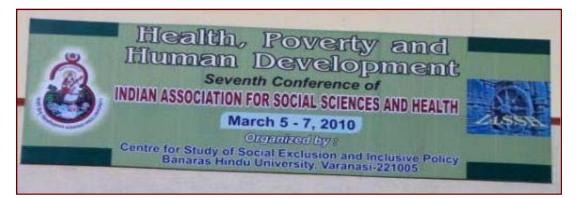
Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health

"Health, Poverty and Human Development"

5-7 March 2010

iassh2004@gmail.com

http://www.iassh.org



Organised by

Centre for the Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy

Faculty of Social Sciences

Banaras Hindu University

Varanasi

CONTENTS:

г<mark>ъ</mark>

1. About the Conference	1
2. Issues and Policy Recommendations	4
3. Events	8
4. Seventh Conference Program	9
5. Appendix-I : Agenda	15

ABOUT THE CONFERENCE:

Policies to improve the health status of the poor have been an important focus of development policy, justified by the recognition that good health is a basic right as well as a critical determinant of human development. Patterns of inequality in health status correlate very closely with patterns of inequality in Socio Economic Status (SES). That is, groups with the lowest SES (poor people) are also the groups most likely to have poor health status. While this evidence is certainly very suggestive, such informal evidence does not prove that there is *causal* link between poverty and health. With this concept in view the Seventh annual conference of the Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health (IASSH) initiated the important topic on "Health, Poverty and Human Development". There are three symposia followed by seven technical sessions. The agenda of the Seventh conference of IASSH is given in the Appendix-1.

The conference was organized by the Centre for Study of Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy, Faculty of Social Sciences, Banaras Hindu University, from 5th to 7th March, 2010. The stimulating journey into which the Conference engaged all the participants for the next three days, commenced with the inaugural session. Subsequently it was meticulously planned to be divided into three symposia, nineteen sessions, three special sessions for the youth researcher's presentations, and three poster sessions. On the second day of the conference, IASSH felicitated Dr. Nesim Tumkaya UNFPA for his valuable contribution to "Population and Development Programs in India" and encouraging academic activities of IASSH. The Conference concluded with the Valedictory session on 7th March.

The Conference was illumined by the presence of a galaxy of eminent social scientists from across the country. What imparts this conference extreme relevance is not only a subject which is of prime importance for the nation, but also its effort to bring together the social scientists, health and medical professionals, researchers and active workers; all under one forum; trying to build up an interface between social scientists and health specialists. Accordingly, one of the major objectives of the conference was to 'bring together scientists, practitioners and policy makers in order to evolve an equitable health care system in the country through appropriate and affordable health sector reforms.'

ISSUES AND POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Symposium 1: Health, Poverty and Human Development Interrelationships

This session had three presentations with the emerging issues being:

- ➤ With growth and development involving structural changes and findings on asymmetric causes of mobility into and out of poverty, the policy agenda can no longer be cast in terms of ensuring a subsistence minimum but in terms of inclusion in the main stream growth process and ensuring security for the vulnerable as well
- In line with the changes in emphasis and policy imperatives, norms and measures for policy formulation, implementation and evaluation need to be revised
- There is a need to revise the poverty line to accommodate health expenses and choice of cost effective strategy towards health care and poverty reduction
- The poverty alleviation programmes implemented since India's independence seem to have helped in poverty reduction but the estimation of poverty is still an issue in India
- There is also a need to assess the impact of the rural and urban poverty alleviation programmes implemented across the Indian states in a scientific way

Symposium 2: Food Security, Nutrition, Women and Children

This session had three presentations highlighting the following issues

- ➤ In view of the close linkages between poverty and health and nutrition status of the women and children, specific initiatives are needed to address the issues relating to poverty at the family level with special focus on women and children. The existing programmes need to be relooked so as to make them more effective
- Food security is an issue that needs to be addressed so as to improve the nutrition status of Indian women and children

Symposium 3: Public Policies to improve Health and Human Development

This session had three presentations highlighting the following issues

- Efforts are needed to ensure that the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) plays active role in addressing the health inequalities in Indian states
- Poverty played major role in determining the health status of the elderly in India
- As urban India is experiencing rapid health transition with prevalence of communicable as well as non communicable diseases, need specific evidence based health strategies with focus on preventive, promotive and curative aspects

Technical Session 1: Inequalities in Health and Human Development

The emerging issues are listed below

- The policy makers and planners need to pay attention to the economic and health needs of the elderly of 80+ years, specially, the women
- There is wide gap in maternal and child health status among different social groups in India and measures are needed to mitigate the gender and geographical gaps in health care access.
- There is a need to examine the impact of the health sector reforms and globalization on the health status of the people
- Access to maternal health services in backward regions of Indian states is an issue that needs attention.
- The poor health status of adolescent girls from rural areas and poor families need attention
- There is a need to focus on reduction of social class disparities in child under nutrition in India

Technical Session 2 Gender, Health and Poverty

The emerging issues are listed below:

- As part of health care sector ethics, reduced access to health services is a concern and efforts are needed to increase access to health services
- Fertility, infant mortality and utilization of maternal and child health care and other public health indicators is poor among the urban

depressed socio economic groups and these differentials need to be addressed

- In view of the greater gender inequalities and slow progress, efforts are needed to ensure that women take control of their own lives, health and poverty
- ➢ Women are more vulnerable to overweight and obesity
- Public health nutritional interventions are needed to address malnutrition problem of the tribal children

Technical Session 3: HIV/AIDS, Poverty and Human Development

The emerging issues are listed below:

- There is a need for interventions for connecting patients and families to necessary resources and support in the community, counselling, social support network etc.
- Need culturally sensitive interventions for sensitizing adolescents about consequences of risk sexual behaviour
- Strategies are needed to work with the existing community resources and services to prevent violence and HIV among married women in India with focus on women from poor communities
- In view of the positive impact of the BCC strategy on knowledge and reduction of AIDS poverty, it should be continued with focus on reduction of poverty related to AIDS
- Individuals with lower values of index of overall development are more prone to have STIs and have higher chances of HIV infection. Thus these sections need specific interventions

Technical Session 4: Strategies and Programmes

The emerging issues are listed below:

- The health functionaries need to be motivated to achieve low levels of maternal and child mortality through sensitization
- Need to address issues such as poor infrastructure, human resources, performance and supply related problems to make the NRHM more effective for the poor
- Better IEC campaigns and easy accessibility to vaccination services are needed to improve the child immunization and address gender differentials

Technical Session 5: Environment, Health and Poverty

The emerging issues are listed below:

- Depletion of natural resources has adverse impact on livelihood and health aspects of the primitive tribal groups
- To control deaths due to indoor air pollution, improved cooking stoves with clean and improved combustion resulting in reduction of toxic emissions can be promoted
- To promote sanitation, measures like higher subsidy, better management of existing programmes and enhanced community participation can be adopted

Technical Session 6: Measurement

The emerging issues are listed below:

- ➤ There is a need for Statistical Information System so as to make effective use of decentralized planning and human development
- So as to understand the various dimensions of human development, "5Ps Model of Holistic Human Development for Developing non violent global harmonic society can be used
- Engel curves can be sued to analyse the catastrophic out of pocket health expenditure by characterising it on the basis of consumption necessities
- The HDI developed by UNDP may not be sound in view of the issues relating to weights and scaling

Technical Session 7: Other emerging issues

The emerging issues are listed below:

- The reproductive health needs of women of higher parity and older need to be addressed
- ➤ There is a need for synergetic efforts between journalists and Doctors/researchers in presentation of health news to readers

EVENTS

Felicitation of Dr. Nesim Tumkaya:

Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health (IASSH) felicitated Dr. Nesim Tumkaya for his contribution to Social Sciences research, Population and Human Development programs through UNFPA. IASSH is much indebted to Dr. Nesim Tumkaya for his encouragement in enhancing IASSH activities through national seminars. Dr. Tumkaya participated in the seventh IASSH conference. He chaired **Symposia-III** and gave valuable comments and suggestions. He explained that "the social sciences research should be carefully carried out on the basis of available data and selection of suitable methodology viz: Analytical or descriptive". His valuable comments are very well taken by all young scholars.

Dr. Tumkaya is a Fulbright Scholar for advanced study at the University of Pennsylvania (USA) where he obtained a Ph. D degree in Demography. Dr. Nesim Tumkaya has more than 33 years of professional experience, including university teaching and advisory services to governments under the auspices of the United Nations. Prior to taking up his current assignment in New Delhi as the UNFPA Representative for India (and Country Director for



Bhutan) in June 2007, Mr. Tumkaya was the Deputy Director, Division for Arab States, Europe and Central Asia at UNFPA Headquarters in New York. Dr. Tumkaya worked as UNFPA Representative in several countries such as Sudan, Pakistan, Indonesia and Uzbekistan while he covered also Kazakstan, Kyrgztan, Turkmenistan and Tajikistan. Prior to joining UNFPA, Mr. Tumkaya worked as Chief Technical Adviser for the United Nations Department of Technical Cooperation For Development (UN-DTCD), in the capacity of Professor of Demography at the University of Swaziland (Kingdom of Swaziland) and University of Botswana, and as Senior Adviser to the Central Statistical office, Government of Botswana. Before joining the UN, Dr. Tumkaya worked as Assistant Professor at the Pahlavi University in Iran.

Youth best research paper award:

To encourage Youth participation and to enrich their research skills, IASSH initiated Young Scientist Research Paper award in 2009 and this is the second year to hold such competition. The research papers presented by the young scholars have been evaluated by three different judges and awards have been declared. This year (2010) three young scholars have been

awarded (certificate of appreciation and cash of Rs.1000/-) and the list is as follows:

Young scientist award

- 1. V Vijayalakshmi "SHGs in Empowering Women's Health : An Empirical Study"
- 2. Rajesh Kumar Rai "Effects of Family Structure on Child Mortality in India"
- 3. Aninidita Chowdhury "Impact of Male Sexual Deficiencies on STDs"

Apart from the Young Scientist best research paper award, this year (2010), Poster presentations have been initiated to give scope for researchers to express their research work through Poster presentation. The best post award was given to the following persons:

Best Poster award

- 1. P Jagnnath " Oral Hygiene Practices among 12-14 years Old Rural Children of Kinaya Village : A Cross Sectional Study"
- 2. Vibha Pandey, K Adibabu, B Jena, Ramana Rao and D Bharadwaj "Trauma Related Emergencies among Children attended by GVK-EMRI in AP"
- 3. Varun Sharma "HIV/AIDS Beyond Numbers"

SEVENTH CONFERENCE PROGRAM

Inaugural Session

The Inaugural Session started at 10 a.m. on 5th March, the first day of the Conference, with paying floral tributes to *Mahamana Malviyaji* and rendering of the *kulgeet*. The session was presided over by Prof. T.M. Mahapatra, Director, Institute of Medical Sciences, Banaras Hindu University. After the welcome address by Prof. A.K. Pandey, Coordinator, Centre for Study of social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy, Prof. K.E. Vaidyanathan, President, Indian Association for Social Sciences and Health, introduced the theme of the seminar. He also introduced the spirited team members of the Association. He said that the association aims at motivating the social scientists and health professionals to work in synergy while dealing with problems associated with poverty and health. Following this, Dr. K. E. Vaidyanathan, President and Dr. C.P. Prakasam, Secretary, Indian Association for Social Sciences and health, charted meticulously

the fabulous progress made by the Association since its inception in 2004. Subsequently, Chief Guest Prof. JMS Verma from Lucknow University, in his inaugural address threw light on the evolution of the concept of human development. While discussing health as an issue, he emphasized the importance of strengthening the preventive system rather than the curative only. The Guest of Honour, Prof. T.M. Mahapatra, Director, IMS, BHU, in his presidential address talked about lifestyle generated diseases, however, he emphasized that in Indian context even these diseases like HIV/ AIDS have significant linkages with poverty. A revealing example cited by him was regarding the HIV positive status of numerous poor children in the age group of nine to fourteen years, where poverty is the sole reason behind their miserable state. Prof. R.P. Pathak, Department of Political Science, BHU, delivered the vote of thanks to all the dignitaries, delegates and the members of academic fraternity on behalf of the organizers.

The inaugural session was followed by Symposia I and II. The first symposium on the theme- Health, Poverty and Human Development Interrelationships was chaired by Prof. K.E. Vaidyanathan, President, IASSH. Three thought provoking papers were presented by Prof. Kamla Gupta from International Institute of Population Science, Prof. M.H. Suryanarayana from IGIDR, and Dr. U.V. Somayajulu from Sigma research and Consulting. Prof. Kamla Gupta, in her thoughtful presentation, explored the interlinkages between the economic status of people residing in slum and non-slum areas of eight metropolitan cities of India and three health conditions. Prof. M.H. Suryanarayana proposed redefining the poverty line linking it with catastrophic health expenses. Dr. Somayajulu, while talking about different approaches for and achievements of poverty reduction programs, specially highlighted the contributions made by programs like the SHG movement, NREGA etc. The second symposium on the theme 'Public Policies to improve health and human development' was chaired by Prof. C.P. Prakasam. Three stimulating presentations were made by Prof. PKB Nair, Prof. S. Peppin and Prof. N. Audinarayana. Prof. PKB Nair in his presentation made significant observations regarding various public policies aiming at health and human development. He made a significant observation that being mostly in private hands, the health system is still inaccessible to and unaffordable for the resourceless, and hence is anti-poor. Prof. S. Peppin, in his rigorously analytical paper, analysed the numeric adequacy, quality and social compatibilities of human resources. Prof. Audinarayana, in his thoughtful paper analysed poverty and health status of the urban elderly in Coimbatore district.

The two symposia were followed by nine technical sessions T1A to T6A and T1B to T3B on varied themes associated with health, poverty, inequalities in human development, gender, environment etc. All the sessions concluded with remarks of the chair and question and answer session.

Session T1A, on the theme 'Inequalities in Health and Human Development', was chaired by Prof. M.H. Suryanarayana. Three papers were presented in it by Ms. Sharvari Shukla (paper jointly prepared by her and Prof. Tara Kanitkar), Ms. Sunita Bala and Dr. Gangadharan.

Session T2A, on the theme 'Gender, Health and Poverty', was chaired by Prof. Kamla Gupta. Five papers were presented in this session by Mr. J.P. Singh, Mr. Muniappam P., Dr. Alok Chautia and Preeti Mishra (jointly), Ms. Deepti Singh and Mr. Deepak Singh.

Session T3A, on the theme 'HIV/AIDS, Poverty and Human Development', was chaired by Prof. Noor Mohammad. Four papers were presented in this session by Mr. Sibnath Deb, Mr. Rajendra Singh, Ms. Shweta Gupta and Prof. S. Lakshamipathi Raju.

Session T4A, on the theme 'Strategies and Programs', was chaired by Prof. S. Peppin. Four papers were presented in this session by Dr. Sarit Kumar Raut, Dr. Nalini Bala, Dr. Cheshta Sharma and Dr. Ramana Rao and Dr. K V. Vishwabhushan.

Session T5A, on the theme 'Environment, Health and Poverty', was chaired by Dr. Poonam Mehta. Four papers were presented in this session by Mr. Somnath Bhattacharjee, Mr. Arun Tiwari, Ms. Chandra Kumari and Tarannum Ateen.

Session T6A, on the theme Measurement of Health and Poverty', was chaired by Mr. Robin Okly. Five papers were presented in this session by Mr. Nitendra Chaurasia and Shobha Karikatti (jointly), Prof. P. Maiti, Prof. S. Chandra, Dr. M.N. Megeri and Prakash Kengnal (jointly) and Mr. Avinash and Adinath Gore (jointly).

Session T1B, on the theme 'Inequalities in Health and Human Development', was chaired by Prof. Y. L. Tekhre. Five papers were presented in this session by Dr. Indu Upadhyay, Dr. Ellina Samantroy, Mr. Satish Gulabrao, Mr. A Krishnamurthy, and Ms. Piar Chand Ryhal.

Session T2B, on the theme, 'Gender, Health and Poverty', was chaired by Dr. Satya. Two papers were presented in this session by Ms. Raziya Shahani and Dr. Prabhakar.

Session T3B, on the theme 'HIV/AIDS, Poverty and Human Development', was the last session in this series.

This was followed by the general body meeting of the Association.

The Second Day (6th March, 2010) began with the special sessions A and B for young researchers' presentations. Some of the presentations were good while the chairpersons made important suggestions for the rest, thereby proving the significance of such a session for young researchers. Five presentations were made in each of the sessions on varied themes.

Thereafter, symposium III on the theme, 'Food Security, Nutrition, Women and Children' **was chaired by Dr. Nesim Tumkya UNFPA**. Four brilliant presentations were made by Prof. Kumudu Wijewardena, Dr. Sheel Sharma, Prof. M.H. Suryanarayana and Dr. Arni Srinivasa Rao. Prof. Kumudu explained the nutritional status of fewer than five children in Sri Lanka. Dr. Sheel Sharma reflected on child nutrition status in India. He also alluded to foetal malnutrition

which amounts for manifestation of many diseases during the life course of an individual. Prof. Suryanarayana, in his thought provoking paper, made a very significant observation that while formulating policies and plans, averages are taken into account. This may hide many significant facts from being noticed. Dr. Arni Srinivasa Rao spoke on the mathematical model developed by him and his colleagues regarding ART and HIV prevention in India.

Ten technical sessions T4B to T6B, T1C, T2C, T4C, T1D, T2D, T7A, T1F were conducted subsequently on the same themes as the previous day. Newer perspectives emerged in these discussions. The deliberations on the second day ended with Special Session C for young researchers' presentations.

Session T4B, on the theme, 'Strategies and Programs', was chaired by Dr. A.S. Rao. Five presentations were made by Prof. Noor Mohammed and Afzal Sayeed (jointly), Prof. V. Chandrashekhar, Shashi Poonam, Dr. Balaiah Dorda and Vishal Desai.

Session T5B, on the theme 'Environment, Health and Poverty', was chaired by Dr. T.B. Singh. Six papers were presented in this session by Dr. M. Ganeshan, Dr. Dimaeha Dusbrang Muchary, Dr. Barun Kumar Thankur, Dr. Jyotsana Bala, Dr. Vinod Meena and Mr. Manoj Kumar Upadhyay.

Five papers were presented in Session T6B, on the theme Measurement of Health and Poverty' by Mr. Prashant Kumar Singh, Dr. N.K. Mahakud, Ms. Ranjeeta, Mr. Ankush Agrawal and Mr. Ansuman Chatterjee.

Four papers were presented in the session T1C, on 'Inequalities in Health and Human Development', by Dr. Talwar Sabanna, Ms. Neelu Singh and Dr. N.Audinarayana, Prof. G. Ramesh and Ms. Pallavi Banjare.

Session T1D was chaired by Prof. D.P. Singh and one paper was presented by Prof. A.K. Sharma on planning for social development among tribal communities. Session T2D was chaired by Prof. V. Chandrashekhar and one paper was presented by Dr. Bhimagauda Patil.

Session T7A was chaired by Prof. V. Gangadharan and seven papers were presented by Mr. Tapan Kumar Roy, Ms. Shweta Sonthalia, Dr. P. Khurasia Beeni, Mr. Maheshwar, Dr. G.M. Subba Rao, Dr. Robin Okley and Dr. Brajesh P. Singh.

Day 3, i.e., 7th March, began with three parallel sessions T1E, T2E and T2F on themes 'Inequalities in Health and Human Development', and Gender, Health and Poverty respectively. Session T1E was chaired by Prof. A. Krishnamurthy and

four papers were presented by Ms. Shikha Dixit, Mr. Ravi Kumar Sharma, Mr. Ananas Kumar and Mr. P.B. Sankar Narayan. Four papers were presented at the session T2F, by Ms. Manorisha, Dr. Joseph, Dr. Vaithilingam and Dr. M.S. Kulkarni. The conference concluded with the



Valedictory session. After welcoming the **Chief Guest Prof. C.D. Singh and other dignitaries,** feedback was taken from the participants where they greatly appreciated the conference and congratulated the organizers. Following this, Chief Repporteurs report was presented by Dr. Vinita Chandra. Then the awards were declared for the young researcher's presentations as well as for the best poster award. Three participants shared the best paper award viz. Ms. Vijayalakshmi, Ms. Anindita and Mr. Rajesh Kumar. Three poster presenters were awarded the best poster award viz., Dr. Jagannath, Mr. Varun Shrivastava and Ms. Vibha Pandey. The Young Scientist Best Research paper award was sponsored by M/SIGMA RESEARCH ANDCONSUTING Pvt Ltd. Then Prof. C.D. Singh delivered the Valedictory address and congratulated the organizers for having organized a conference on such a relevant subject. Presidential address was delivered by Prof. S.K. Srivastava and vote of thanks was delivered by the Secretary.

APPENDIX-I

AGENDA:

Theme: HEALTH, POVERTY AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Programme

Date: 5th March 2010

9.30 A.M. to 10.30 A.M
9.30 A.M. to 10.30 A.M
Prof. T. M. Mahapatra, Director, IMS.BHU
Prof. R. P. Pathak, Department of Political Sciences, BHU
Prof. J. M. S. Verma, Dept. of Sociology, Lucknow University
Professor Ajit K. Pandey, CSSEIP, BHU
Dr. K. E. Vaidyanathan, President, IASSH
Dr. C. P. Prakasam, Secretary, IASSH

10.30 A.M. to 10.45 A.M High Tea

10.45 A.M to 12 Noon: Symposia-I: Health, Poverty and Human Development Interrelationships Prof Kamla Gupta, IIPS- Urban Poverty and Adult Health in Eight Metro Cities in India

Prof M.H. Suryanarayana, IGIDR on Redefining the Poverty Line: Catastrophic Health Expenses, Morbidity and Implications

Dr. U. V. Somayajulu: Sigma Consultancy: Poverty Reduction in India: Approaches and Achievements

12.00 Noon to 1.15 P.M. Symposia-II: Public policies to improve Health and Human Development

Prof PKB Nayar: CGS Public Policies to Improve Health and Human Development.

Prof S. Peppin, XIMB Supply side of Human Resources in Health: Policy options for Health Development

Prof N. Audinarayana: Bharathiar University: Poverty and Health Status of the Urban Elderly: An Analysis of Empirical Data from Coimbatore City, Tamil Nadu

1.15 P.M. to 2.15 P.M. LUNCH

Poster session 1: Posters will be displayed from 2pm to 6pm

2.15 PM to 3.30 PM

Technical Session-T1 (A): Inequalities in Health and Human Development Technical Session-T2 (A): Gender, Health and Poverty Technical Session-T3 (A): HIV/AIDS, Poverty and Human Development

3.30 P.M to 4.45 P.M.

Technical Session-T4 (A): Strategies and Programs Technical Session-T5 (A): Environment, Health and Poverty Technical Session-T6 (A): Measurements of Health and Poverty

4.45 PM to 5.00 PM Tea

5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M.

Technical Session-T1 (B): Inequalities in Health and Human Development Technical Session-T2 (B): Gender inequalities in Health & Poverty Technical Session-T3 (B): HIV/AIDS, Poverty and Human Development

6.00 P.M. to 6.15 P.M: Facilitation to Dr. Nesim Tumkaya, UNFPA by IASSH

6.15 P.M. General Body Meeting, Cultural Program, Dinner, hosted by Vice-chancellor of Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi

Date: 6th March 2010

8.30 A.M. to 9.30 A.M.	Special Session (A): Youth Researchers Presentation
	Special Session (B): Youth Researchers Presentation

9.30 A.M. to 10.45 A.M Symposia-III: Food & Nutrition, Women & Children and HIV Chair Person: Dr. Nesim Tumkaya

Speakers: Prof M.H. Suryanarayana, IGIDR

Prof Kumudu Wijewardena, Jayawardanapura University, Sri Lanka: Has the war Affected Nutritional Status of under 5 Children in Sri Lanka
Dr .Arni Srinivasa Rao: ART& HIV Prevention in India: Policy Options
10.45 A.M to 11.00 A.M TEA

Poster session 2: Posters will be displayed from 10.45 AM to 1 PM

11.00AM to 12.15 PM

Technical Session-T4 (B): Strategies and Programs Technical Session-T5 (B): Environment, Health and Poverty Technical Session-T6 (B): Measurements of Health and Poverty

12.15 P.M. to 1.30 P.M

Technical Session T1(C): Inequalities in Health and Human Development Technical Session T2 (C): Gender, Health and Poverty Technical Session T4 (C): Strategies and Programs

1.30 P.M. to 2.30 P.M. LUNCH

Poster session 3: Posters will be displayed from 2.30 PM to 6 PM 2.30 P.M to 3.45 P.M.

Technical Session-T1 (D): Inequalities in Health and Human Development Technical Session-T2 (D): Gender, Health and Poverty Technical Session-T7 (A): Other Emerging Health Issues

3.45 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. Technical Session-T1 (F): Inequalities in Health and Human Development 5.00 P.M. to 5.15 P.M. TEA

5.15 to 6.15 PM : Special Session (C): Youth Researchers Presentation

6.15 P.M. - 8.00 P.M. get together followed by **DINNER**

Date: 7th March 2010

9.30 A.M. to 10.45 A.M

Technical Session-T1 (E): Inequalities in Health and Human Development Technical Session-T2 (E): Gender, Health and Poverty Technical Session-T2 (F): Gender, Health and Poverty
10.45 A.M to 11.05 A.M TEA
11.15 A.M to 12.30 P.M. Valedictory Session
Dr. C. D. Singh, Vice Chancellor, National University of

- Dr. C. D. Singh, Vice Chancellor, National University of Tribal Research, Bihar
- Prof. S. C. Singh, Professor of Sociology, BHU
- Professor Ajit K. Pandey, CSSEIP, BHU
- Dr. K. E. Vaidyanathan, President, IASSH
- Dr. C. P. Prakasam, Secretary, IASSH

Feedback from Participants,

Summary of the Conference by Dr. Vinita Chandra Youth Best paper Award: Vote of Thanks

1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M.

Close
